

# SAFETY DATA SHEET

Revision Date 29-May-2025

Version 1

# 1. PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

**Product Identifier** 

Product Name Foremost 536-ES Brake & Clutch Cleaner II Aerosol

UN1950

**UN/ID No** 

Product Code 536-ES

Recommended Use of the Chemical and Restrictions on Use

Recommended Use Industrial cleaner.

**Details of the Supplier of the Safety Data Sheet** 

**Supplier Address** 

Delta Foremost Chemical Corporation

3915 Air Park St.

Memphis, Tennessee 38118

**Emergency Telephone Number** 

**Company Phone Number** (901) 363-4340

Emergency Telephone INFOTRAC 1-352-323-3500 (International)

1-800-535-5053 (North America)

# 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

# Classification

Aerosols	Category 1
Gases Under Pressure	Dissolved Gas
Aspiration Hazard	Category 1
Skin Irritation	Category 2
Eye Irritation	Category 2
Specific Target Organ Toxicity – Single Exposure (Narcotic Effects)	Category 3
Specific Target Organ Toxicity – Single Exposure (Respiratory Tract Irritation)	Category 3
Germ Cell Mutagenicity	1B

# Signal Word DANGER

#### **Hazard Statements**

Extremely flammable aerosol
Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated
May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways
Causes serious eye irritation
May cause drowsiness or dizziness
May cause respiratory irritation
May cause genetic defects



Appearance Clear, colorless liquid

Physical State Liquid

**Odor** Solvent

#### **Precautionary Statements - Prevention**

If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand.

Keep out of reach of children.

Read label before use.

Obtain special instructions before use.

Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.

Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.

Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source.

Do not pierce or burn, even after use.

Wash hands thoroughly after handling.

Wear protective gloves, protective clothing, and eye and face protection.

Avoid breathing mist, vapors, and spray.

Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.

#### **Precautionary Statements - Response**

IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention

IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing Get medical attention if irritation occurs

IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water. If skin irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention. Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.

IF INHALED: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing

IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician. Do NOT induce vomiting.

#### **Precautionary Statements - Storage**

Store locked up

Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed

Protect from sunlight. Do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50°C/122°F.

#### **Precautionary Statements - Disposal**

Dispose of contents/container to an approved waste disposal plant

### **Hazards Not Otherwise Classified (HNOC)**

May be harmful if swallowed

# 3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Chemical Name	CAS No	Weight-%
Acetone	67-64-1	Proprietary
Naptha, hydrotreated light	64742-49-0	Proprietary
Carbon dioxide	124-38-9	Proprietary
Ethylbenzene	100-41-4	Proprietary
Toluene	108-88-3	Proprietary

Product contains a proprietary mixture of ingredients.

# 4. FIRST AID MEASURES

# **First Aid Measures**

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General Advice If exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention. Provide this SDS to medical

personnel for treatment.

**Eye Contact** IF IN EYES: Rinse eyes cautiously with lukewarm, gently flowing water for 15 minutes,

while holding the eyelids open. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Take care not to rinse contaminated water into the unaffected eye or onto the face. If eye

irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.

**Skin Contact** Wipe off with a towel. Wash with soap and water. Get medical attention if irritation persists.

**Inhalation** Remove source of exposure or move person to fresh air and keep comfortable for

breathing. If breathing is difficult, trained personnel should administer emergency oxygen if advised to do so by the POISON CENTER/doctor. If breathing has stopped, trained personnel should begin rescue breathing or, if the heart has stopped, immediately start cardiopulmonary resuscitation (CPR) or automated external defibrillation (AED). If you feel

unwell/If concerned: Get medical advice/attention.

**Ingestion** Ingestion is not a likely route of exposure. Get medical attention if you feel unwell.

#### Most Important Symptoms and Effects, both Acute and Delayed

Symptoms Liquid in eyes can cause pain and irritation. Corneal injury likely. May cause skin and eye

irritation. Ingestion may result in irritation of mouth and gastrointestinal tract. Vomiting may cause chemical pneumonia. Overexposure by inhalation can cause irritation of the respiratory tract and adverse effects on the central nervous system. High concentrations or

prolonged exposure can cause unconsciousness and death.

### Indication of any Immediate Medical Attention and Special Treatment Needed

Note to Physicians Treat symptomatically.

### 5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

### **Suitable Extinguishing Media**

Foam, alcohol foam, carbon dioxide, dry chemical, water fog.

Unsuitable Extinguishing Media Water may be ineffective but can be used to cool containers exposed to heat or flame

### **Specific Hazards Arising from the Chemical**

Closed containers may explode from internal pressure build-up when exposed to extreme heat and discharge contents. Liquid content of container will support combustion. Overexposure to decomposition products may cause a health hazard. Symptoms may not be readily apparent. Obtain medical attention. Hazardous decomposition products include carbon dioxide, carbon monoxide, and other toxic fumes.

#### **Protective Equipment and Precautions for Firefighters**

As in any fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus pressure-demand, MSHA/NIOSH (approved or equivalent) and full protective gear. Water may be used to cool containers to prevent pressure build-up and explosion when exposed to extreme heat.

### 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

#### Personal Precautions, Protective Equipment and Emergency Procedures

**Personal Precautions** Avoid breathing vapors. Ventilate area.

**Emergency Procedure** Avoid breathing vapors. Ventilate area. Remove all sources of ignition.

Recommended Equipment Wear safety glasses with side shields. Use of gloves approved from relevant standards that

meet or are equivalent to OSHA 29 CFR 1910.132.

#### Methods and Material for Containment and Cleaning Up

Methods for Containment and Cleaning Up

Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations.

# 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

#### **Precautions for Safe Handling**

Advice on Safe Handling Do not puncture or incinerate (burn) cans. Do not stick pins, nails, or any other sharp

objects into opening on top of can. Do not spray in eyes. Do not take internally. Use in a

well-ventilated place.

# Conditions for Safe Storage, Including any Incompatibilities

Storage Conditions Store and use in a cool, dry, well-ventilated area. Do not store above 120°F. See product

label for additional information.

Incompatible Materials Oxidizing agents.

# 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

#### **Exposure Guidelines**

Chemical Name	ACGIH TLV	OSHA PEL	NIOSH IDLH
Acetone 67-64-1	STEL: 500 ppm TWA: 250 ppm	TWA: 100 ppm TWA: 2400 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	TWA: 250 ppm TWA: 590 mg/m3
Carbon Dioxide 124-38-9	STEL: 30000 ppm TWA: 5000 ppm	TWA: 5000 ppm TWA: 9000 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	TWA: 5000 ppm TWA: 9000 mg/m³ STEL: 54000 mg/m³ STEL: 30000 ppm
Ethylbenzene 100-41-4	TWA: 20 ppm	TWA: 100 ppm TWA: 435 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	TWA: 100 ppm TWA: 435 mg/m³ STEL: 545 mg/m³ STEL: 125 ppm
Toluene 108-88-3	TWA: 20 ppm	TWA: 200 (a) / 300 ceiling ppm TWA: 0.2 mg/m <sup>3</sup> STEL: 500 ppm / 10 minutes (a)	TWA: 100 ppm TWA: 375 mg/m <sup>3</sup> STEL: 560 mg/m <sup>3</sup> STEL: 150 ppm
Naptha, hydrotreated light 64742-49-0	L	TWA: 500 ppm TWA: 2000 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	TWA: 350 mg/m <sup>3</sup>

### **Appropriate Engineering Controls**

**Engineering Controls** Ventilation should be sufficient to prevent inhalation of any vapors.

# Individual Protection Measures, such as Personal Protective Equipment

Eye/Face Protection Wear safety glasses with side shields. Eyewash stations and showers should be available

in areas where this material is used and stored.

**Skin and Body Protection**Use solvent-resistant protective gloves for prolonged or repeated contact.

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Acetone-like

Not determined

Respiratory Protection

Avoid breathing vapors. In restricted areas, use approved chemical/mechanical filters designed to remove a combination of particles and vapor. In confined areas, use an approved air line respirator or hood. A self-contained breathing apparatus is required for vapor concentrations above PEL/TLV limits.

**General Hygiene Considerations** Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice. Wash hands after use and wash contaminated clothes before reuse.

# 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

### Information on Basic Physical and Chemical Properties

Physical State Liquid / aerosol
Appearance Clear liquid
Color Colorless

Property Values Remarks • Method

PH Not determined

Melting Point/Freezing Point Not determined

Boiling Point/Boiling Range
Flash Point Below 73°F / 23°C

Evaporation Rate Slower than ether
Flammability (Solid, Gas)
Upper Flammability Limits Not applicable

Lower Flammability LimitNot determinedVapor Pressure118 mmHgVapor DensityNot established

Specific Gravity 1.447

Water Solubility

Soluble in water

Solublity in Other Solvents

Partition Coefficient

Autoignition Temperature

Decomposition Temperature

Kinematic Viscosity

Dynamic Viscosity

Soluble in water

Not determined

Not determined

Volume 1978

Not determined

Not determined

Not determined

Lower Explosion Level
Upper Explosion Level

Upper Explosion Level 12.8%
Oxidizing Properties Not determined
Density 8.35 lb/gal
Density VOC 3.75 lb/gal
% VOC 45%

(1=Water)

Odor

**Odor Threshold** 

# 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

#### Reactivity

Not reactive under normal conditions.

#### **Chemical Stability**

Stable under recommended storage conditions.

### **Possibility of Hazardous Reactions**

None under normal processing.

Hazardous Polymerization Hazardous polymerization does not occur.

2.5%

# **Conditions to Avoid**

Avoid high temperatures, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources.

# **Incompatible Materials**

Oxidizing agents.

#### **Hazardous Decomposition Products**

Hazardous decomposition products may include carbon dioxide, carbon monoxide, and other toxic fumes.

# 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

# **Information on Likely Routes of Exposure**

**Product Information** 

**Eye Contact** Causes serious eye irritation.

**Skin Contact** Causes skin irritation.

**Inhalation** Prolonged inhalation may be harmful.

**Ingestion** Expected to be a low ingestion hazard.

# Information on Physical, Chemical and Toxicological Effects

**Symptoms** Please see section 4 of this SDS for symptoms.

# Delayed and Immediate Effects as well as Chronic Effects from Short and Long-term Exposure

Germ Cell Mutagenicity Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

**Carcinogenicity** Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

**STOT - Single Exposure** May cause drowsiness or dizziness. May cause respiratory irritation.

**STOT - Repeated Exposure** Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

**Reproductive Toxicity**Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

**Chronic Toxicity** Prolonged inhalation may be harmful.

**Aspiration Hazard** May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

**Acute Toxicity** Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

### **Potential Health Effect - Miscellaneous**

#### 67-64-1 ACETONE

The following medical conditions may be aggravated by exposure: lung disease, eye disorders, skin disorders. Overexposure may cause damage to any of the following organs/systems: blood, central nervous system, eyes, kidneys, liver, respiratory system, skin.

#### 100-41-4 ETHYLBENZENE

Is an IARC, NTP or OSHA carcinogen. Increased susceptibility to the effects of this material may be observed in people with preexisting disease of any of the following: central nervous system, kidneys, liver, lungs. Recurrent overexposure may result in liver and kidney injury. Studies in laboratory animals have shown reproductive, embryotoxic and developmental effects. WARNING: This chemical is known to the State of California to cause cancer.

#### 108-88-3 TOLUENE

Increased susceptibility to the effects of this material may be observed in people with preexisting disease of any of the following: central nervous system, kidneys, liver, respiratory system, skin. Can be absorbed through the skin in harmful amounts. Recurrent overexposure may result in liver and kidney injury. High airborne levels have produced irregular heart beats in animals and occasional palpitations in humans. Rats exposed to very high airborne levels have exhibited high frequency hearing deficits. The significance of this to man is unknown. WARNING: This chemical is known to the State of California to cause birth defects or other reproductive harm.

### **Chronic Exposure**

#### 100-41-4 ETHYLBENZENE

CARCINOGENIC EFFECTS: Ethyl Benzene has been listed by IARC as Group 2B, Possibly Carcinogenic to Humans. TERATOGENIC EFFECTS: Ethyl Benzene has been Classified as POSSIBLE for humans.

#### 108-88-3 TOLUENE

TERATOGENIC EFFECTS:Toluene has been Classified as POSSIBLE for humans.

### 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

#### **Ecotoxicity**

This product is not classified as environmentally hazardous.

# Persistence and Degradability

67-64-1 ACETONE 91% readily biodegradable, Method: OECD Test Guideline 301B Readily biodegradable

#### Bioaccumulation

Not determined

### Mobility

67-64-1 ACETONE

The substance is not PBT / vPvB.

#### **Other Adverse Effects**

Not determined

# 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

# **Waste Treatment Methods**

### **Disposal of Wastes**

Under RCRA, it is the responsibility of the user of the product, to determine at the time of disposal whether the product meets RCRA criteria for hazardous waste. Waste management should be in full compliance with federal, state, and local laws. Empty containers retain product residue which may exhibit hazards of material, therefore do not pressurize, cut, glaze, weld or use for any other purposes. Return drums to reclamation centers for proper cleaning and reuse.

# 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

Note Please see current shipping paper for most up to date shipping information, including

exemptions and special circumstances.

**DOT** 

UN/ID No UN1950
Proper Shipping Name Aerosols
Hazard Class 2.1
Packing Group N/A

**IATA** 

UN/ID No
Proper Shipping Name
Hazard Class
Packing Group

UN1950
Aerosols
Aerosols
N/A

**IMDG** 

UN/ID No UN1950
Proper Shipping Name Aerosols
Hazard Class 2.1
Packing Group N/A

# 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

### **International Inventories**

Not Determined

#### Legend:

TSCA - United States Toxic Substances Control Act Section 8(b) Inventory

DSL/NDSL - Canadian Domestic Substances List/Non-Domestic Substances List

EINECS/ELINCS - European Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances/European List of Notified Chemical Substances

**ENCS** - Japan Existing and New Chemical Substances

IECSC - China Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances

KECL - Korean Existing and Evaluated Chemical Substances

PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances

CAS	Chemical Name	% by Weight	Regulation List
67-64-1	Acetone	35-65%	CERCLA, SARA312, VOC exempt,
			TSCA, RCRA, ACGIH, OSHA
64742-49-0	Naptha, hydrotreated light	19-40%	SARA312, VOC, TSCA, ACGIH,
			OSHA
124-38-9	Carbon dioxide	1-10%	SARA312, TSCA, ACGIH, OSHA
108-88-3	Toluene	Trace	SARA313, CERCLA, HAPS,
			SARA312, VOC, TSCA, RCRA,
			ACGIH, California Prop 65
			Developmental, OSHA
100-41-4	Ethylbenzene	Trace	SARA313, CERCLA, HAPS,
			SARA312, VOC, TSCA, ACGIH,
			California Prop 65 Cancer, OSHA

# **US State Regulations**

# **California Proposition 65**

This product contains the following Proposition 65 chemicals.

Chemical Name	California Proposition 65
Toluene	Developmental
108-88-3	·
Ethylbenzene	Cancer
100-41-4	

# U.S. State Right-to-Know Regulations

Chemical Name	New Jersey	Massachusetts	Pennsylvania
Carbon Dioxide	X	X	X
124-38-9			

16. OTHER INFORMATION		
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<u>NFPA</u>	Health Hazards	Flammability	Instability	Special Hazards
	3	4	1	Not determined
<u>HMIS</u>	Health Hazards	Flammability	Physical Hazards	<b>Personal Protection</b>
	3	4	0	G

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# **Disclaimer**

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text.

**End of Safety Data Sheet**