

SAFETY DATA SHEET

Revision Date 4-Feb-2021

Version 1

1. PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

Product Identifier

Product Name Foremost 3341 Later Gator Catalyst

Product Code 3341 Catalyst

Recommended Use of the Chemical and Restrictions on Use

Recommended Use

Details of the Supplier of the Safety Data Sheet

Supplier Address

Delta Foremost Chemical Corporation 3915 Air Park St.

Memphis, Tennessee 38118

Emergency Telephone Number

Company Phone Number (901) 363-4340

Emergency Telephone INFOTRAC 1-352-323-3500 (International)

1-800-535-5053 (North America)

2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

Classification

Acute Toxicity, Oral Category 4

Signal Word

Danger

Hazard Statements

May cause respiratory irritation
If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand.
Keep out of reach of children.
Read label before use.



Appearance Clear liquid Physical State Liquid Odor Mild

Precautionary Statements - Prevention

Wash thoroughly after handling.

Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.

Proposition and Otataments - Proposition

Precautionary Statements - Response

If ON SKIN: Immediately remove contaminated clothing. Wash with plenty of soap and water. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

IF EXPOSED OR CONCERNED: Get medical advice/ attention.

Specific treatment (see supplemental first aid instructions on this label).

IF SKIN IRRITATION OCCURS: Get medical advice/ attention.

Take off contaminated clothing and wash before reuse.

IF SWALLOWED: Call a poison center / doctor if you feel unwell. Rinse mouth.

IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Call a poison control center or doctor/physician if you feel unwell.

IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation occurs: get medical advice/ attention.

Precautionary Statements - Storage

Store locked up in a well-ventilated place.

Precautionary Statements - Disposal

Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national, and international regulations.

Hazards Not Otherwise Classified (HNOC)

None.

3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Chemical Name	CAS No	Weight-%
ACETIC ACID, 2,2'-	26401-97-8	Proprietary
[(DIOCTYLSTANNYLENE)BIS(THIO)]BIS-, 1,1'-		
DIISOOCTYL ESTER		

Product contains a proprietary mixture of ingredients.

4. FIRST AID MEASURES

First Aid Measures

General Advice If exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention. Provide this SDS to medical

personnel for treatment.

Eye Contact Avoid direct contact. Wear chemical protective gloves, if necessary. Rinse eyes cautiously

with lukewarm, gently flowing water for several minutes, while holding the eyelids open. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing for 15-20 minutes. Take care not to rinse contaminated water into the unaffected eye or onto the face. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention. Ingestion: Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting. Immediately call a POISON CENTER/doctor. If vomiting occurs naturally, lie on your side, in the recovery position. IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention.

Skin Contact Take off contaminated clothing, shoes and leather goods (e.g. watchbands, belts). Gently

blot or brush away excess product. Wash with plenty of lukewarm, gently flowing water for a duration of 15-20 minutes. If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/attention. Wash contaminated clothing before re-use or discard. IF exposed or concerned: Get

medical advice/attention.

Inhalation Remove source of exposure or move person to fresh air and keep comfortable for

breathing. If experiencing respiratory symptoms: Call a POISON CENTER/doctor. If breathing is difficult, trained personnel should administer emergency oxygen if advised to do so by the POISON CENTER/doctor. If exposed/feel unwell/concerned: Call a POISON

CENTER/doctor. Eliminate all ignition sources if safe to do so.

Ingestion Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting. If you feel unwell/if concerned: Get medical

advice/attention.

Indication of any Immediate Medical Attention and Special Treatment Needed

Note to Physicians Treat symptoms accordingly.

5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

Suitable Extinguishing Media

Dry chemical, foam, carbon dioxide is recommended. Water spray is recommended to cool or protect exposed materials or structures. Carbon dioxide can displace oxygen. Use caution when applying carbon dioxide in confined spaces. Simultaneous use of foam and water on the same surface is to be avoided as water destroys the foam. Sand or earth may be used for small fires only.

Unsuitable Extinguishing Media If water is used, use very large quantities of cold water. The reaction between water and hot isocyanate may be vigorous.

Specific Hazards Arising from the Chemical

Excessive pressure or temperature may cause explosive rupture of containers.

Water contamination will produce carbon dioxide. Do not reseal contaminated containers as pressure buildup may rupture them.

Protective Equipment and Precautions for Firefighters

Isolate immediate hazard area and keep unauthorized personnel out. Stop spill if it can be done safely. Move undamaged containers from immediate hazard area if it can be done easily. Water spray may be useful in minimizing or dispersing vapors to protect personnel. Water may be ineffective but can be used to cool containers exposed to heat or flame. Caution should be exercised when using water or foam as frothing may occur, especially if sprayed into containers of hot, burning liquid. Dispose of fire debris and contaminated extinguishing water in accordance with official regulations.

Wear NIOSH approved self-contained breathing apparatus in positive pressure mode with full-face piece. Boots, gloves (neoprene), googles, and full protective clothing are also required. Care should always be exercised in dusty or misty areas.

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal Precautions, Protective Equipment and Emergency Procedures

Personal Precautions Avoid breathing vapors. Avoid contact with skin, eyes, or clothing. Do not touch damaged

containers or spilled materials unless wearing appropriate protective clothing.

Emergency Procedure ELIMINATE all ignition sources. (No smoking, flares, sparks or flames in immediate area.)

Keep unnecessary people away; isolate hazard area and deny entry. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Notify authorities if any exposure to the general public or the environment occurs or is likely to occur. If spilled material is cleaned up using a regulated

solvent, the resulting waste mixture may be regulated.

Environmental Precautions Stop spill/release if it can be done safely. Prevent spilled material from entering sewers,

storm drains, other unauthorized drainage systems and natural waterways by using sand,

earth, or other appropriate barriers.

Methods and Material for Containment and Cleaning Up

Methods for Containment and

Cleaning Up

Construct a dike to prevent spreading. Wear skin, eye, and respiratory protection during cleanup. Soak up material with absorbent and shovel into a chemical waste container. Cover container, but do not seal, and remove from work area. Residues from spill cleanup may continue to be regulated under provisions of RCRA and require storage and disposal as hazardous waste.

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Precautions for Safe Handling

Advice on Safe Handling

Wash hands after use. Do not get in eyes, on skin or on clothing. Do not breathe vapors or mists. Use good personal hygiene practices. Eating, drinking and smoking in work areas is prohibited. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas.

Conditions for Safe Storage, Including any Incompatibilities

Storage Conditions

Keep container(s) tightly closed and properly labeled. Store in cool, dry, well-ventilated areas away from heat, direct sunlight, strong oxidizers and any incompatibilities. Store in approved containers and protect against physical damage. Keep containers securely sealed when not in use. Indoor storage should meet OSHA standards and appropriate fire codes. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed to prevent leakage. Empty container retain residue and may be dangerous. Use non-sparking ventilation systems, approved explosion-proof equipment and intrinsically safe electrical systems in areas where this product is used and stored. The material is Class III B Combustible; the combustion products may be hazardous..

Incompatible Materials

Material can react with strong oxidizing agents.

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Appropriate Engineering Controls

Engineering Controls

Provide exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep the airborne concentrations of vapors below their respective threshold limit value. Exhaust air may need to be cleaned by scrubbers of filters to reduce environmental contamination.

Individual Protection Measures, such as Personal Protective Equipment

Eye/Face Protection

Wear eye protection with side shields or goggles. Wear indirect-vent, impact and splash resistant goggles when working with liquids. If additional protection is needed for entire face, use in combination with a face shield.

Skin and Body Protection

Use of gloves approved to relevant standards made from the following materials may provide suitable chemical protection: PVC, neoprene or nitrile rubber gloves. Suitability and durability of a glove is dependent on usage, e.g. frequency and duration of contact, chemical resistance of glove material, glove thickness, dexterity. Always seek advice from glove suppliers. Contaminated gloves should be replaced. Use of an apron and over-boots of chemically impervious materials such as neoprene or nitrile rubber is recommended to avoid skin sensitization. The type of protective equipment must be selected according to the concentration and amount of the dangerous substance at the specific workplace. Launder soiled clothes or properly disposed of contaminated material, which cannot be

decontaminated.

Respiratory Protection

If airborne concentrations exceed or are expected to exceed the TLV, use MSHA/NIOSH approved positive pressure supplied pressure supplied air respiratory with a full face piece or an air supplied hood. For emergencies, use a positive pressure self-contained breathing apparatus.

General Hygiene Considerations Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice. Wash hands after use and wash contaminated clothes before reuse.

9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Information on Basic Physical and Chemical Properties

Physical State

Liquid

Values

Appearance

Property

Flash Point

Evaporation Rate

Clear liquid

Odor Odor Threshold

Remarks • Method

Faint Not determined

pH Melting Point/Freezing Point Boiling Point/Boiling Range N/A N/A N/A 190°C

190°C (374°F) Slower than ether

Flammability (Solid, Gas) N/A
Upper Flammability Limits N/A
Lower Flammability Limit N/A

Vapor PressureNot establishedVapor DensityHeavier than air

Specific Gravity 1.076

Water Solubility

Reacts with water

Solubility in Other Solvents N/A **Partition Coefficient** N/A **Autoignition Temperature** N/A **Decomposition Temperature** N/A **Kinematic Viscosity** N/A **Dynamic Viscosity** N/A **Explosive Properties** N/A **Oxidizing Properties** N/A 0.00 lb/gal VOC

(1=Water)

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Reactivity

Stable

Chemical Stability

Material is stable at standard temperature and pressure.

Possibility of Hazardous Reactions

None under normal processing.

Hazardous Polymerization

Will not occur under normal conditions but under high temperatures in the presence of alkalis,tertiary amines, and metal compounds will accelerate polymerization. Possible

evolution of carbon dioxide gas may rupture closed containers.

Conditions to Avoid

Heat, high temperature, open flame, sparks, and moisture.

Incompatible Materials

Strong acids and other strong oxidizing agents.

Hazardous Decomposition Products

Combustion products: carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide, tin oxides, and other unidentified fragments.

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Information on Likely Routes of Exposure

Product Information

Eye Contact Prolonged contact can cause conjunctivitis or corneal damage.

Skin Contact Skin irritation or pain. Prolonged contact may result in chemical burns, scarring or other

permanent damage. Systemically toxic concentrations of this product will probably not be

absorbed through human skin.

Inhalation No data available

Ingestion May be harmful if swallowed.

Respiratory/Skin Sensitization No data available

Component Information

Information on Physical, Chemical and Toxicological Effects

Symptoms Please see section 4 of this SDS for symptoms.

Delayed and Immediate Effects as well as Chronic Effects from Short and Long-term Exposure

Germ Cell Mutagenicity No data available.

No data available. Carcinogenicity

Reproductive Toxicity

No data available. **Acute Toxicity**

Vapors can irritate eyes, nose, and respiratory passages. Severe overexposure may induce respiratory sensitization with asthma like symptoms. Symptoms include chronic cough, tightness of chest with difficulty in breathing. These symptoms may be immediate or delayed up to several hours after exposure. Chronic exposures may result in permanent decreases in lung function. Under normal conditions, risk of exposure to vapors is minimal; however spraying or sudden release of hot liquid would cause exposure to vapors. Irritation or chemical burns of the mouth, pharynx, esophagus and stomach can develop following ingestion, and injury may be severe. Gastrointestinal discomfort with any or all of the

following symptoms: nausea, vomiting, lethargy, or diarrhea may result.

Aspiration Hazard No data available.

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecotoxicity

No data available.

Component Information

No data available.

Persistence and Degradability

No data available.

Bioaccumulation

No data available.

Mobility in Soil

No data available.

Other Adverse Effects

No data available.

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Waste Treatment Methods

Disposal of Wastes Disposal should be in accordance with applicable regional, national and local laws and

regulations.

Contaminated Packaging Disposal should be in accordance with applicable regional, national and local laws and

regulations.

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

Note Please see current shipping paper for most up to date shipping information, including

exemptions and special circumstances.

DOT

Not regulated.

<u>IATA</u>

Not regulated.

IMDG

Not regulated.

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

International Inventories

Not Determined

Legend:

TSCA - United States Toxic Substances Control Act Section 8(b) Inventory

DSL/NDSL - Canadian Domestic Substances List/Non-Domestic Substances List

EINECS/ELINCS - European Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances/European List of Notified Chemical Substances

ENCS - Japan Existing and New Chemical Substances

IECSC - China Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances

KECL - Korean Existing and Evaluated Chemical Substances

PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances

CAS	Chemical Name	Regulation List
26401-97-8	ACETIC ACID, 2,2'[(DIOCTYLSTANNYLENE) BIS(THIO)]BIS-, 1,1'DIISOOCTYL ESTER	DSL, SARA312, TSCA

<u>NFPA</u>	Health Hazards	Flammability 1	Instability 0	Special Hazards Not determined
<u>HMIS</u>	Health Hazards 1	Flammability 1	Physical Hazards 0	Personal Protection B

Revision Date 4-Feb-2021 Revision Note 4-Feb New format

Disclaimer

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text.

End of Safety Data Sheet